### GP Services during the Christmas and New Year Period - GPC Guidance for Practices

As GP practices prepare for the Christmas and New Year period it is vital that patients have access to the appropriate services, especially at a time when winter pressures are putting a severe strain on urgent and emergency care services including general practice, accident and emergency departments and out-of-hours providers.

# Practices should ensure that:

- patients are aware of any closures in advance by using surgery notices, and including messages on repeat prescriptions
- arrangements are in place to ensure that repeat prescriptions are ordered and collected in a timely matter to avoid requests over the period of practice closure
- answer phone messages should be changed at 18:30 on the afternoons of early closure - in particular - for opted out practices where there is a change from the sub-contracted provider to NHS 111

# Helpful tips to prepare for the holiday period

In addition to the contractual guidance below, the following are suggestions for actions practices might consider to ensure your patients' reasonable needs and your practices' contractual obligations are met.

Following these tips will help to promote the smooth running of out of hours services and to ease pressures on your practice on days when the practice is open:

- Minimise or avoid pre-booking advance appointments, particularly for nonessential services, from 23 December to 6 January
- Minimise or avoid appointments for routine consultations, i.e. non-essential services from 23 December to 6 January
- Ensure on any half day closing that a GP from the practice is contactable by the covering out of hours or other service in case of unforeseen queries
- Advertise practice half day closing arrangements well in advance on prescription counterfoils, posters and other media at the practice, commencing as soon as possible if you have not already done so
- Extend repeat prescriptions so they do not fall due during the period 23 December to 6 January
- Ensure pharmacists collect "collection and delivery" prescriptions before the practice closes
- Ensure patients on opiate substitution prescriptions have enough to cover practice closure periods and collect their prescriptions before closing
- Ensure urgent lab tests carried out during this period have the clinical condition and phone number of the patient clearly on the form
- Ensure special notes are sent to the out of hours organisation on vulnerable patients e.g. those without mental capacity, those with complex or terminal conditions and those where special arrangements are in place (e.g. GP to be informed during the out of hours period if patient dies)
- Ensure residential and nursing home patients have repeat prescriptions, know the opening times and any sick patients have been reviewed before closing the practice

### **Guidance from NHS England**

You may be aware that NHS England recently issued guidance on this matter, distributed to Area Teams, in which it was claimed that practices could receive breach notices if they fail to open from 8am to 6.30pm on Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve.

This is not consistent with the contractual regulations and we have alerted NHS England of this inaccuracy. This guidance is intended to address this misinterpretation.

#### What are the contractual regulations?

The contractual position is that GMS practices are entitled to subcontract services to an appropriate provider. This may also apply to PMS and APMS practices, but this depends on their exact contract specification as there may be a contractual requirement for the surgery to remain open throughout core hours.

Practices have a responsibility to manage calls and patients when the practice is directly providing services and not to defer callers until after the practice's contracted hours.

Opted out practices are responsible for ensuring their voicemail message or call diversion is changed to the NHS 111 message or number after 18.30 rather than to their subcontracted provider.

#### What does the General Practitioners Committee (GPC) think

If a practice is comfortable that there will be a low-level of demand for services on these two days and it is able to run a service that is reasonable to meet the needs of patients at that time, this would not constitute a breach of contract. The relevant regulations can be found below in **Appendix 1**.

We believe that GPs should maintain reasonable services for patients throughout the Christmas and New Year period.

The regulations take into account that, at certain times, the need to run a full surgery may not be necessary and therefore, allow a practice to run a service that allows patients to access core services but on an ad hoc basis when required.

Practices should advise the Area Team that historically levels of demand have been low at these times, and should be in a position to confirm that contractual obligations have been met on the afternoons in question should there be any subsequent challenge.

Area Teams have also reportedly warned practices that they cannot agree to any practice sub-contracting their responsibilities to another provider. Practices must formally apply in writing to the Area Team with their intention to subcontract as soon as reasonably practicable before the date on which the proposed subcontract is intended to come into force. The regulations for these requirements are detailed in **Appendix 2**.

As detailed in **Appendix 3**, the refusal to allow a contractor to sub-contract services can only be based on the grounds that the sub-contract would put:

- the safety of the contractor's patients at serious risk
- the Board at risk of material financial loss; or

• the sub-contractor would unable to meet contractor's obligations under the contract.

If a practice chooses to cover its own requirements for the afternoon, for example, by using one of their own GPs on call, or by subcontracting to a single health care professional who delivers the cover personally, there is no requirement to seek Area Team consent.

Please note that different provisions may apply to any PMS practice. Please check your contract for specific requirements.

### **Contract regulations**

Read these NHS General Medical Services (GMS) contract extracts to support the guidance above:

### Appendix 1

### 8.1 Essential Services

8.1.1. Subject to clause 8.1.8, the Contractor must provide the services described in Part 8 (namely essential services) at such times, within core hours, as are appropriate to meet the reasonable needs of its patients, and to have in place arrangements for its patients to access such services throughout the core hours in case of emergency29.

### Appendix 2

# **15.9. Sub-contracting of clinical matters**

15.9.1. Subject to clause 15.9.2, the Contractor shall not sub-contract any of its rights or duties under the Contract in relation to clinical matters unless-

(a) in all cases, including those which fall within clauses 15.10.1 to 15.10.15 it has taken reasonable steps to satisfy itself that it is reasonable in all the circumstances and that person is qualified and competent to provide the service; and

(b) except in cases which fall within clauses 15.10.1 to 15.10.15, it has notified the Board in writing of its intention to sub-contract as soon as reasonably practicable before the date on which the proposed sub-contract is intended to come into force.

15.9.2. Clause 15.9.1(b) shall not apply to a contract for services with a health care professional for the provision by that professional personally of clinical services.

15.9.3. The notification referred to in clause 15.9.1(b) shall include-

- (a) the name and address of the proposed sub-contractor;
  - (b) the duration of the proposed sub-contract;
  - (c) the services to be covered; and

(d) the address of any premises to be used for the provision of services 15.9.4. Following receipt of a notice in accordance with clause 15.9.1(b), the Board may request such further information relating to the proposed subcontract as appears to it to be reasonable and the Contractor shall supply such information promptly.

# Appendix 3

#### 15.9. Sub-contracting of clinical matters

15.9.5. The Contractor shall not proceed with the sub-contract or, if it has already taken effect, shall take steps to terminate it, where, within 28 days of the notice referred to in clause

15.9.1 (b), the Board has served a notice of objection to the sub-contract on the grounds that-

(a) the sub-contract would-

(i) put at serious risk the safety of the Contractor's patients, or

(ii) put the Board at risk of material financial loss; or

(b) the sub-contractor would be unable to meet the Contractor's obligations under the Contract.

15.9.6. Where the Board objects to a proposed sub-contract in accordance with clause 15.9.5, it shall include with the notice of objection a statement in writing of the reasons for its object.